
SYLM2904-Q1 automotive high voltage general purpose op amp

Product characteristics

- AECQ100 Grade 1 qualified
- Ultralow input offset voltage: $\pm 3\text{mV}$
- Power supply voltage: $3\text{V} \sim 36\text{V}$
- Supports single and dual power supply
- Low quiescent current: $117\text{ }\mu\text{A/channel}$
- Low wideband noise: $35\text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
- Rail-to-rail input
- Unity-bandwidth gain: 1.0 MHz
- Built-in fast overload recovery effectively improves the reliability of the op amp
- Operating temperature range: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$

Product application

- Motor driver
- Sensor module
- Household appliances
- Power supply module
- inverter
- UPS
- Air conditioning inside and outside
- Automotive electronics

Product description

SYLM290x high-voltage universal op amp series, adopts advanced technology, full-process vehicle standard control, including Dual op amp (SYLM2904-Q1), using characteristic circuit design technology, classic rail-to-rail input and output swing, with high consistency and symmetry in the full operating voltage and operating temperature range. It is especially suitable for some occasions with high cost requirements and small space requirements, and plays a good coordinating role in the overall matching of the circuit.

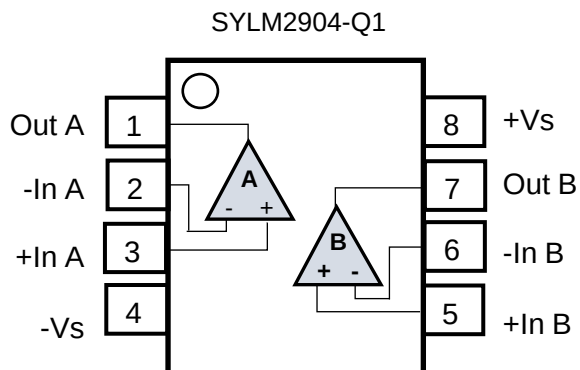
The SYLM290x's built-in overload protection circuit allows the amplifier to start the recovery function while overloading, and resume operation in a short time, which greatly enhances the reliability of the circuit.

The op amp is available in automotive-standard packages SOP-8.

Category

<u>Product characteristics</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Product application</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Product description</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Pin description</u>	<u>3-5</u>
<u>Order Information</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Absolute maximum ratings</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Electrostatic information</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Working conditions</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Electrical characteristics</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>Characteristic curve</u>	<u>9</u>
<u>Details</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Typical applications</u>	<u>11</u>
<u>Package form factor information</u>	<u>12</u>

Pin description



PIN NAME	PIN ORDER	FEATURE DESCRIPTION
Out A	1	A channel output
-In A	2	A channel inverting input
+In A	3	A channel noninverting input
-Vs	4	Power positive terminal
+In B	5	B Channel noninverting input
-In B	6	B Channel inverting input
Out B	7	B channel output
+Vs	8	Power negative terminal

Order Information

Partnumber	Package	Number	Package code	Moisture sensitivity level	Operating temperature
SYLM2904-Q1PA1R	8-Pin SOP	Reel 4000	PA1	3	-40 to 125°C

Note: Dimensional information refers to the final package specification

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Full operating temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)			
parameter	minimum	maximum	unit
Supply voltage	0	40	V
Input pin voltage	$(-V_S) - 0.3$	$(+V_S) + 0.3$	V
Input pin differential voltage	-VS	+VS	V
Input pin clamping current	-10	+10	mA
The output is shorted	持续		
Operating temperature, T _A	-40	125	°C
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	-45	160	°C
Storage temperature, T _{STG}	-65	150	°C
(1) Pressures higher than those listed here may result in permanent damage to the device, and prolonged exposure to absolute maximum ratings may affect device reliability.			

ESD protection

Type	Symbol	Reference value		unit
ESD protection (HBM-ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001)	V _{ESD}	-3	3	KV
ESD protection (CDM-JEDEC JESD22-C101)	V _{ESD}	-3	+3	KV

Working conditions

Symbol	Name	Condition	Unit
V _S	Supply voltage range	3 ~ 36	V
T _A	Operating temperature	-40 ~ 125	°C

Electrical parameters

Specification parameters (no special instructions, simulation and test conditions are $V_s=(V_{s+}-V_{s-})=30V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $R_L=10K\Omega$, $V_o=V_s/2$.)						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
OFFSET						
V_{os}	Input Offset Voltage	$(V_{S+})=15V, (V_{S-})=-15V$	-3	± 0.35	3	mV
dV_{os}/dT	V_{os} VS Temp.	$V_s=30V$, $T_A=-40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	-	± 3	-	$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_s=30V$, $T_A=-40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	70	100	-	dB
Power Supply						
V_s	Power supply	No load	3	-	36	V
I_Q	Quiescent Current/Per ch	No load	-	117	180	μA
INPUT						
V_{cm}	Common-Mode Voltage Range		(V-)	-	$(V_{+})-1.5$	V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ration	$(V_{-})<V_{cm}<(V_{+})-1.5$	65	95	-	dB
Input capacitor	Differential	-	-	7.7	-	pF
Input capacitor	Common-Mode	-	-	9	-	pF
I_b	Input Bias Current	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C-85^{\circ}C$	-	30	-	pA
I_{os}	Input Offset Current	-	-	2	-	pA
OUTPUT						
V_o	Voltage output swing from supply rails	$V_s=30V, I_{out} = -1mA$	-	0.5	1.5	V
I_{sc}	Short-circuit current	$V_s=30V$	-	45	-	mA
AC						
A_{oL}	Open-loop voltage gain		85	100	-	dB
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{s-} = -15V$, $V_{s+} = 15V$, $A_v=1$, $V_{out}=-1V$ to 1 , $C_{load}=30pF$, $R_{load}=10K\Omega$	-	1	-	V/ μS
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$V_s=5V$	-	1.0	-	MHz
GM	Gain Margin		-	60	-	deg
PM	Phase Margin		-	12	-	dB
t_s	Setting time, 0.1%	$V_{s-} = -15V$, $V_{s+} = 15V$, $A_v=1$, 2-V step, $C_{load}=60pF$, $R_{load}=10K\Omega$	-	3.3	-	μS
NOISE						
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	$V_s=30V, A_v=1, f=1KHz, R_{load}=10K\Omega$, $V_{out}=1V_{pp}$	-	0.002	-	%
E_N	Input voltage noise(rms)	$V_s=30V, f=0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$	-	2.9	-	μV_{rms}
e_N	Input voltage noise density	$V_s=5V, f=1KHz$	-	35	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
I_n	Input current noise density	$V_s=5V, f=1KHz$	-	23	-	fA/ $\sqrt{Hz}$

Characteristic curve

(No special instructions, the simulation and test conditions are $V_s=(V_{s+}-V_{s-})=30V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$, $R_L=10K\Omega$, $V_o=V_s/2$)

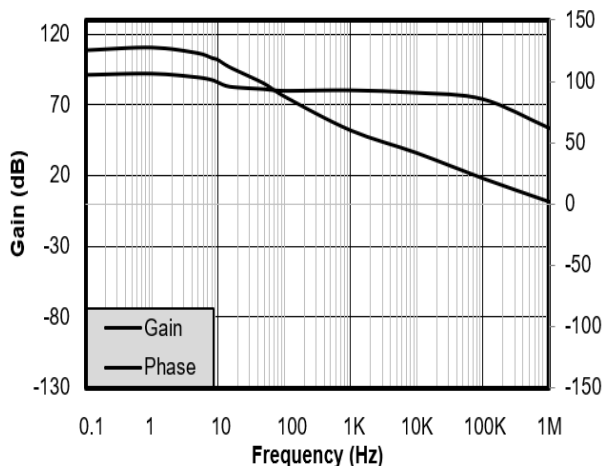


Figure 1. Open Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency

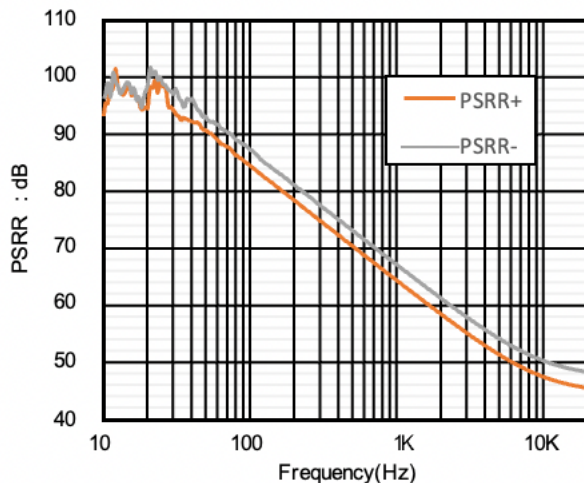


Figure 2. PSRR vs Frequency

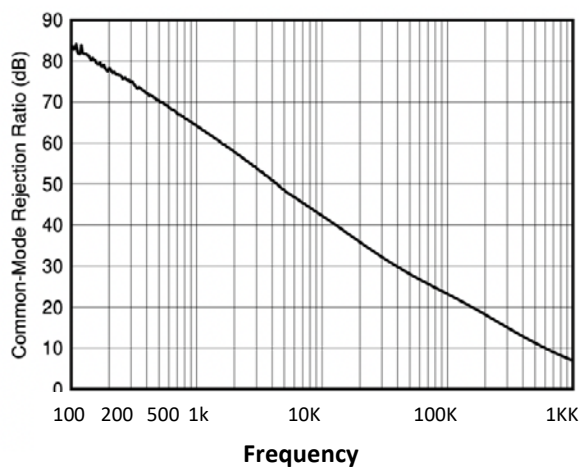


Figure 3. CMRR vs Frequency

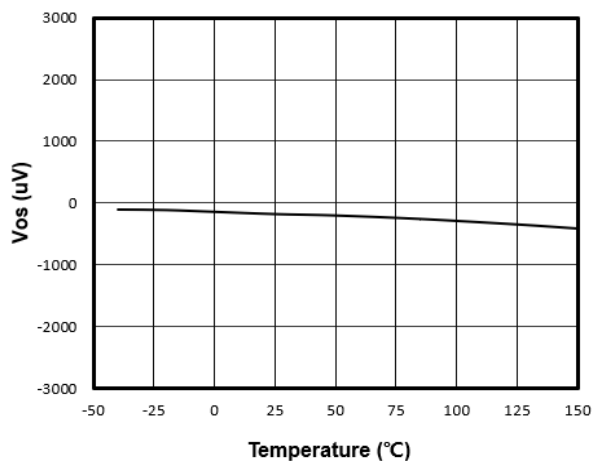


Figure 4. Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

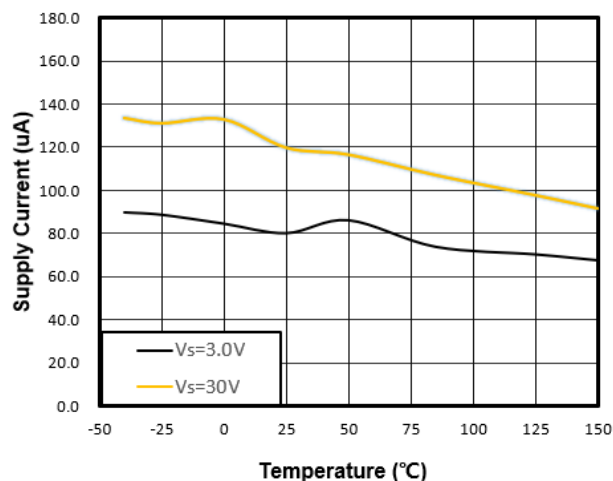


Figure 5. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

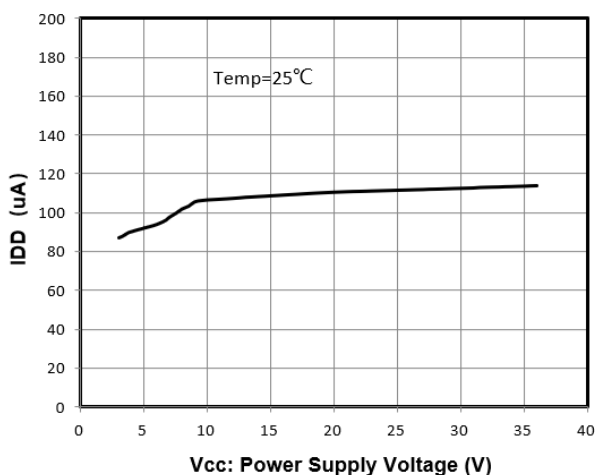


Figure 6. Quiescent Current vs. Power Supply Voltage

General Description

These devices contain four independent high gain frequency compensation op amps designed for single supply over a wide voltage range. Dual-supply operation is also possible if the voltage difference between the two supplies is between 3V and 36V and VCC is at least 1.5V higher than the positive value of the input common-mode voltage. The low supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the supply voltage.

Applications include sensor amplifiers, DC amplifiers, and all traditional op amp circuits, which can now be more easily implemented in single-supply voltage systems.

Detailed Description

Input common mode

The valid common-mode range is from device ground to $VCC - 1.5V$ ($VCC - 2V$ over temperature). The input may exceed VCC up to the maximum VCC without damaging the device. At least one input must be within a valid input common-mode range for the output to have the correct phase. If both inputs are outside the valid range, the output phase is undefined. If either input is below $-0.3V$, the input current should be limited to 1mA and the output phase should be undefined.

Slew rate

Slew rate is the rate at which the op amp can change the output when the input changes. Slew rates are better for different occasions, sometimes bigger is better, sometimes smaller is better, SYLM290x series, these devices have a slew rate of 1.0 V/us.

Bandwidth

The gain-bandwidth product is equal to the measured amplifier bandwidth multiplied by the gain corresponding to the measured bandwidth. For op amps, the increase in bandwidth means an increase in speed, but at the same time it brings a large amount of power consumption, for general occasions, the bandwidth around 1Mhz can take into account the balance of all aspects of the op amp parameters, these devices have a high gain bandwidth of 1.0MHz.

Low input offset voltage

The SYLM290x family features a low input offset voltage as low as 0.35mV typical from a high voltage supply because the input offset voltage is amplified by noise gain, creating offset errors at the output. For a high-voltage general-purpose op amp, the application scenarios and scope of the op amp are maximized while minimizing the design of the low offset voltage while taking into account other op amp parameters. It is especially suitable for some occasions with high sensitivity

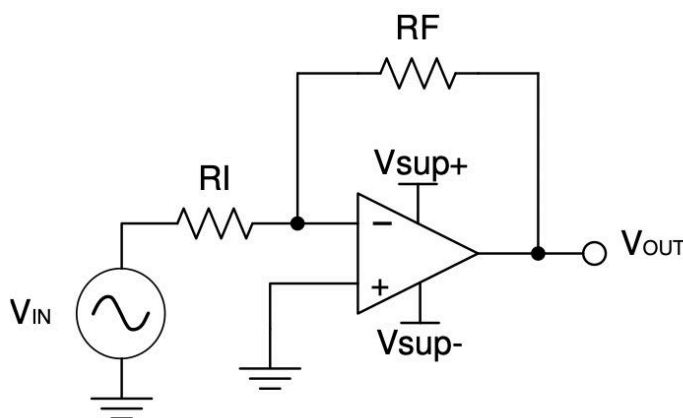
Typical Applications

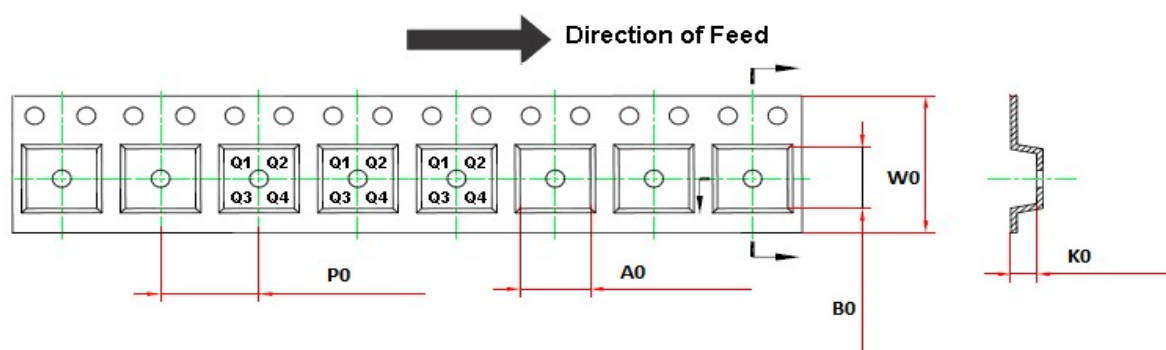
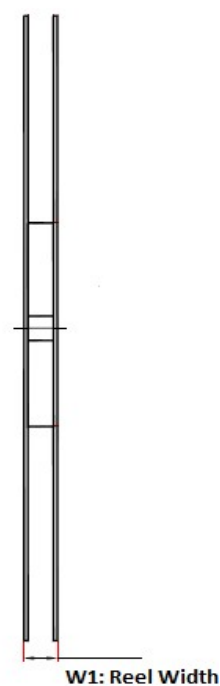
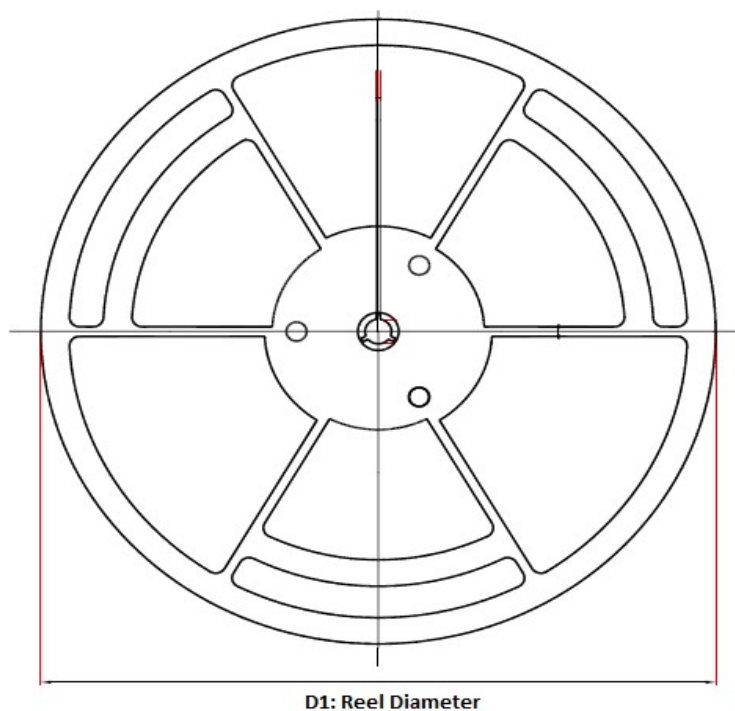
Signal conditioning

Op amps are suitable for a variety of signal conditioning applications. The input can be powered before V_S , allowing flexibility in multiple supply circuits.

Inverting amplifier

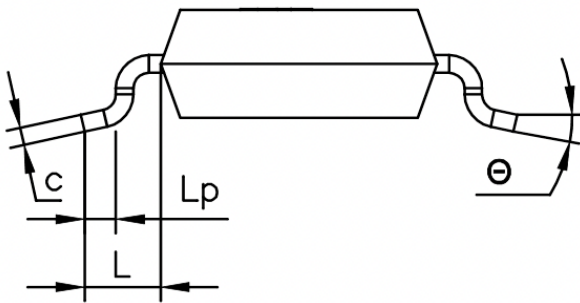
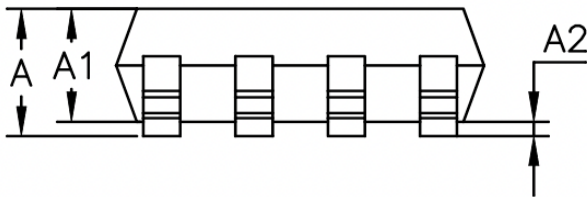
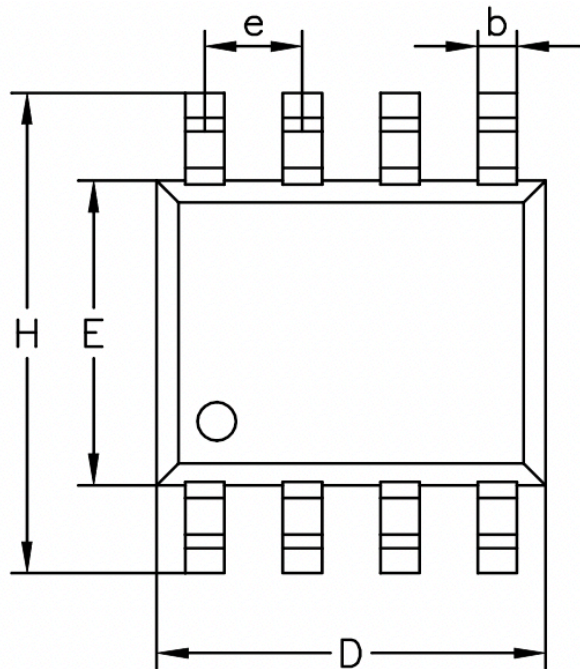
The amplifier accepts a positive voltage at the input and then changes the voltage to a negative voltage of the same magnitude. It also turns the negative input voltage into positive in the same way.





Order part number	Package	D1	W1	A0	B0	K0	P0	W0	Pin1 position
SYLM2904-Q1PA1R	8-Pin SOP	330.0	17.6	6.4	5.4	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

SOP-8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	1.400	1.800
A1	0.100	0.250
A2	1.300	1.550
b	0.330	0.510
c	0.170	0.250
D	4.780	5.000
E	3.800	4.000
H	5.800	6.300
e	1.270	1.270
L		
Lp	0.400	0.900
θ	0°	8°

Disclaimer

These materials are applicable when you choose Semiment electronic products for design and development, please evaluate and select the right product for your application.

Semiment implements a sustainable environmental protection policy, and these information are subject to change without prior notice.